

Formula Method

- For an n-link robot with joint variables $q_1 \dots q_n$,
With forward kinematics:

$$T_n^0 = \begin{bmatrix} R_n^0 & o_n^0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 0) Determine FK (if not given)
- 1) Locate all joint origins o_i^0
- 2) Write all joint axis vectors z_i
- 3) Do math by category (J_v , J_ω , R joint, P joint)

Formula Method

- Split into linear J_v and angular J_ω
- For J_v
 - Assume all joints but i fixed
 - Look at end effector velocity

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} J_v \\ J_\omega \end{bmatrix}$$

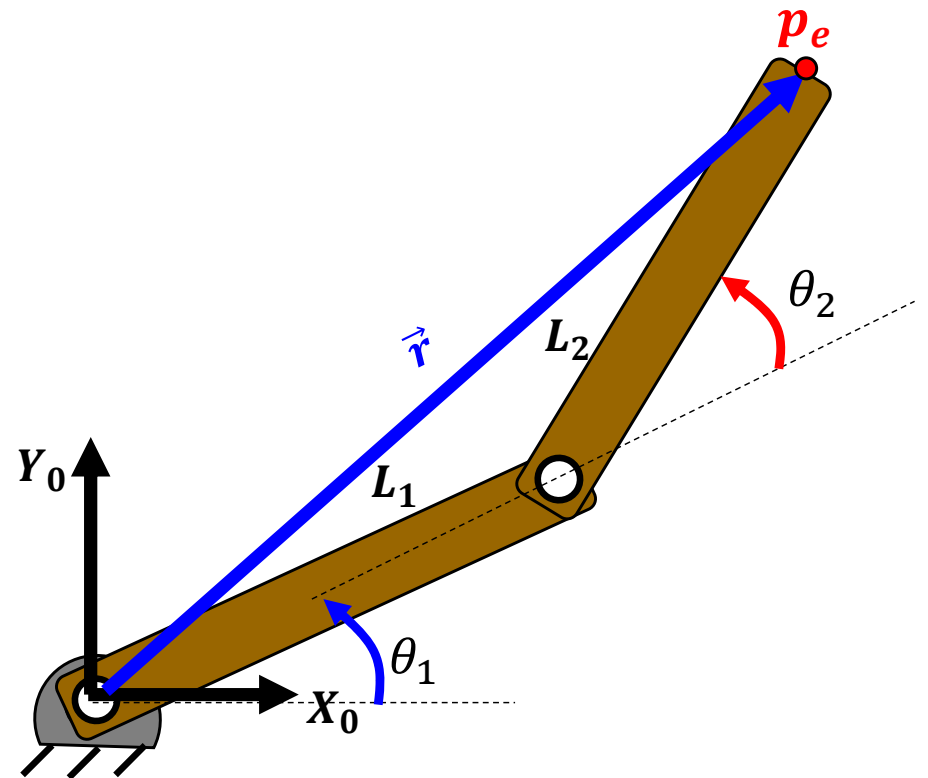
$$J_v = \begin{cases} z_{i-1} \times (o_n - o_{i-1}) & : \textit{revolute} \\ z_{i-1} & : \textit{prismatic} \end{cases}$$

- For J_ω
 - Look at frame i rotation relative to frame $i-1$

$$J_\omega = \begin{cases} z_{i-1} & : \textit{revolute} \\ 0 & : \textit{prismatic} \end{cases}$$

Example – 2-Link Planar Arm

- Given L_1 , L_2
- Find Jacobian using formula method

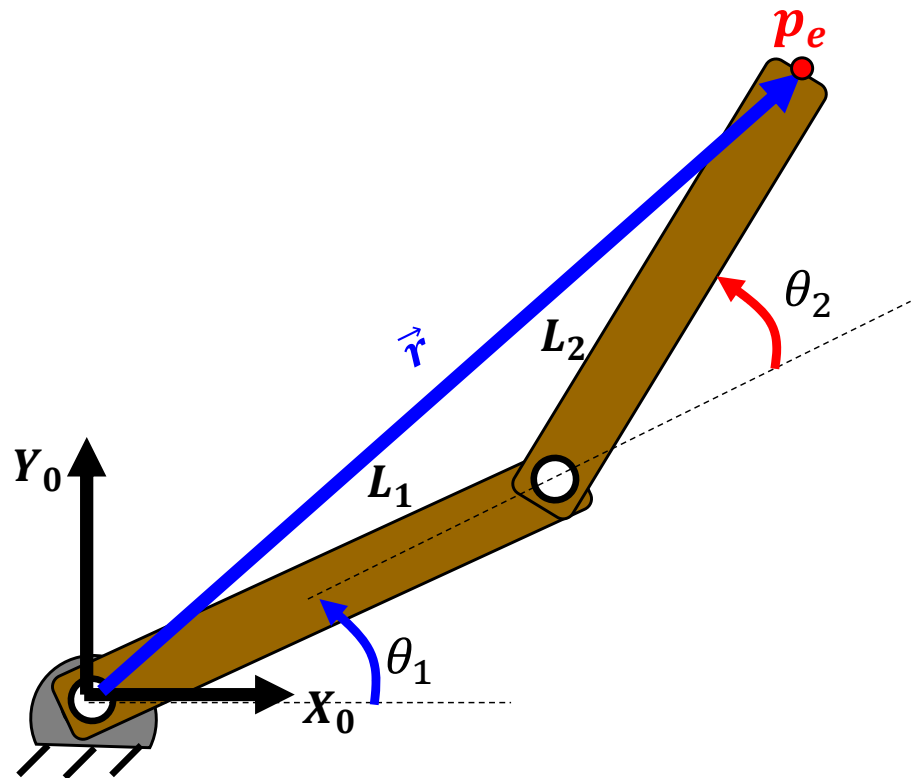


Example – 2-Link Planar Arm

1) Locate all joint origins o_i^0

$$o_0^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad o_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 c_1 \\ L_1 s_1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

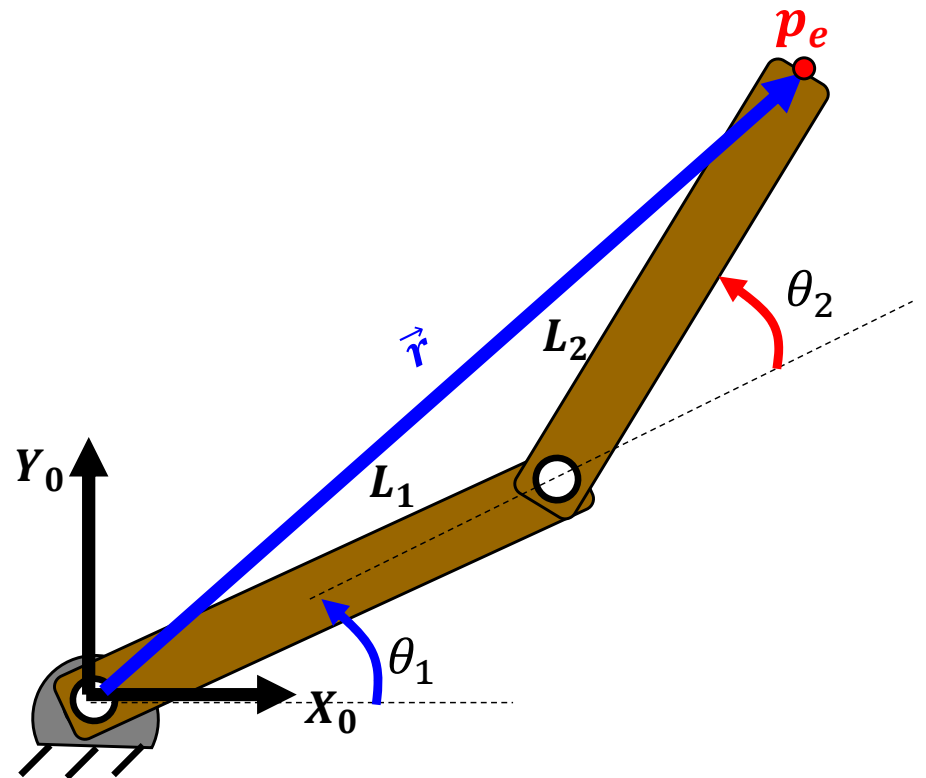
$$o_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 c_1 + L_2 c_{12} \\ L_1 s_1 + L_2 s_{12} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



Example – 2-Link Planar Arm

2) Write all joint axis vectors z_i

$$z_0^0 = z_1^0 = z_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

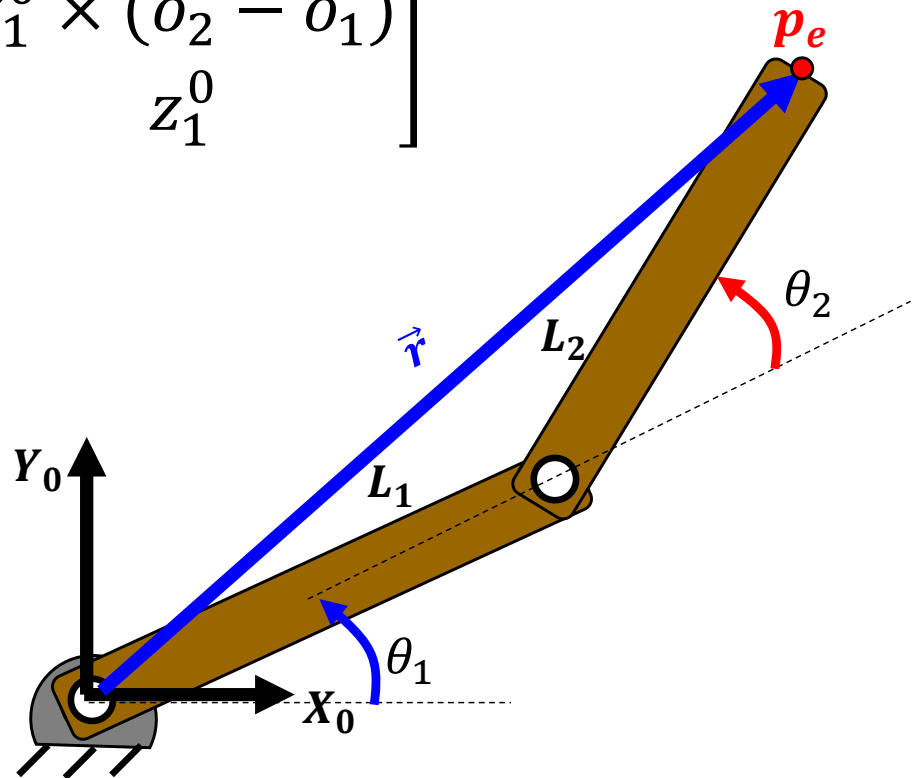


Example – 2-Link Planar Arm

3) Do math by category (2 R joints)

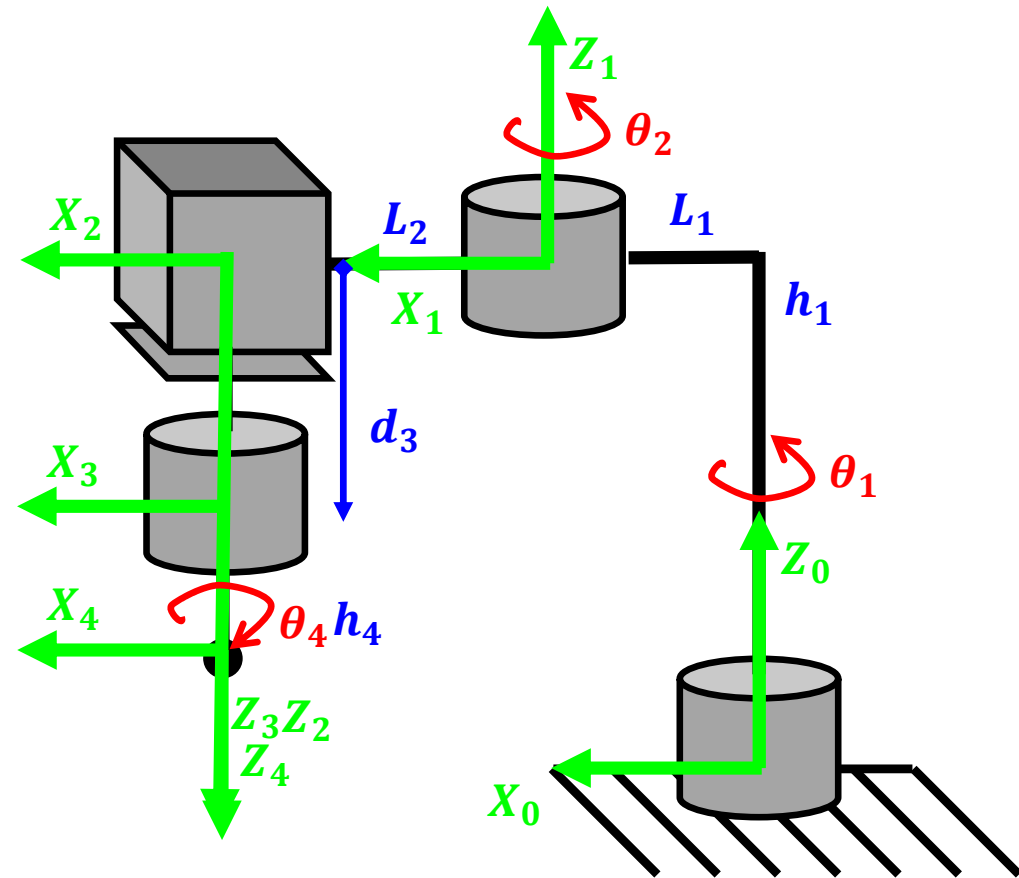
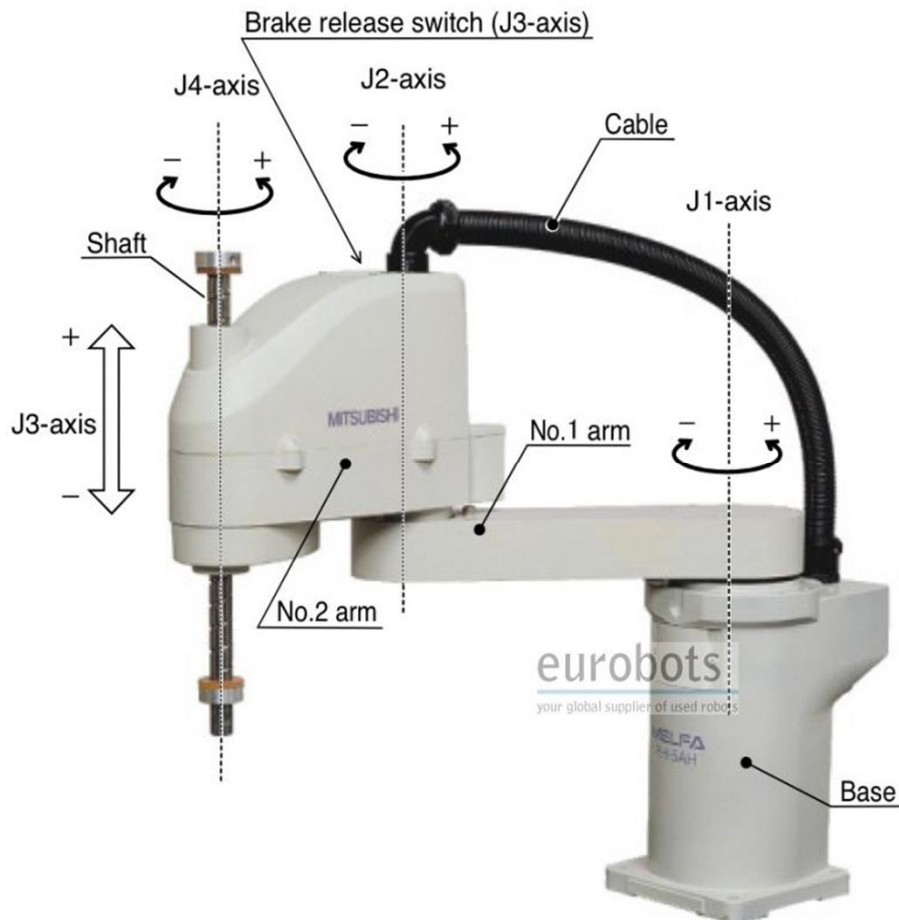
$$J = \begin{bmatrix} J_v \\ J_\omega \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_0^0 \times (o_2 - o_0) & z_1^0 \times (o_2 - o_1) \\ z_0^0 & z_1^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -L_1 s_1 - L_2 s_{12} & -L_1 s_1 \\ L_1 c_1 + L_2 c_{12} & L_1 c_1 \end{bmatrix}$$



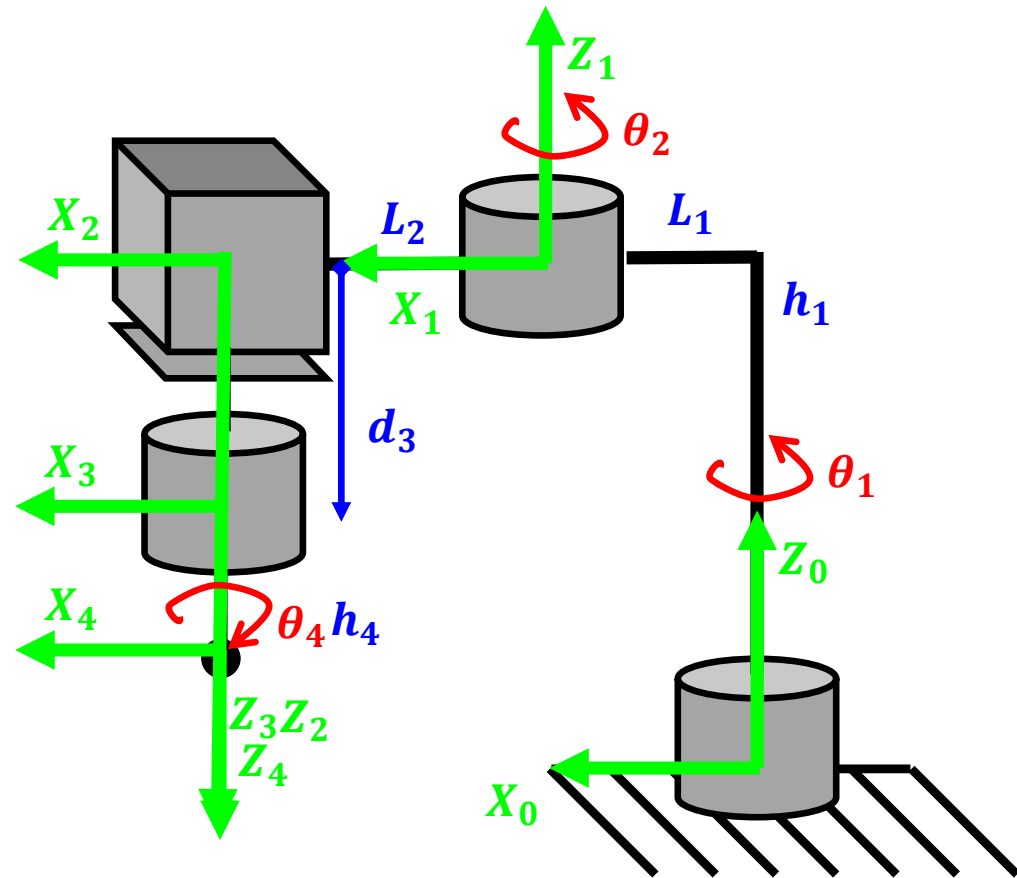
Example – SCARA Robot

- Given robot as shown, find Jacobian



Example – SCARA Robot

1) Locate all joint origins o_i^0



Example – SCARA Robot

1) Locate all joint origins o_i^0

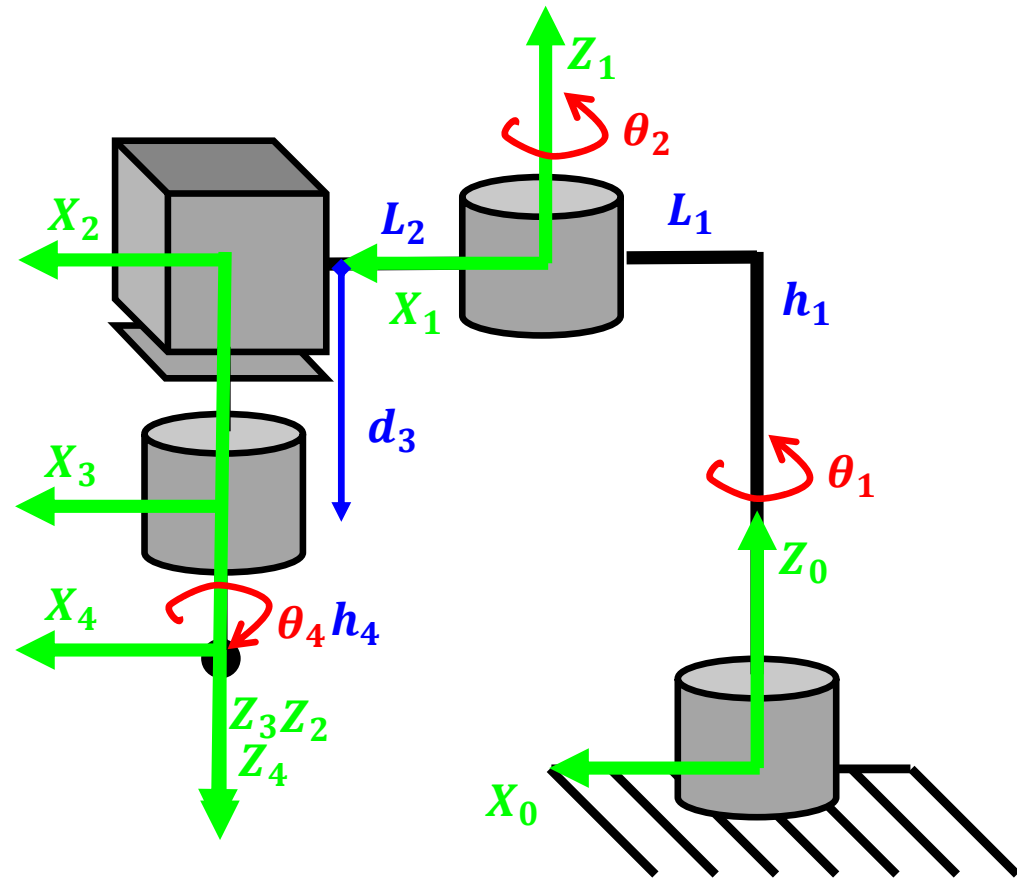
$$o_0^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$o_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 c_1 + L_2 c_{12} \\ L_1 s_1 + L_2 s_{12} \\ h_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$o_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 c_1 \\ L_1 s_1 \\ h_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

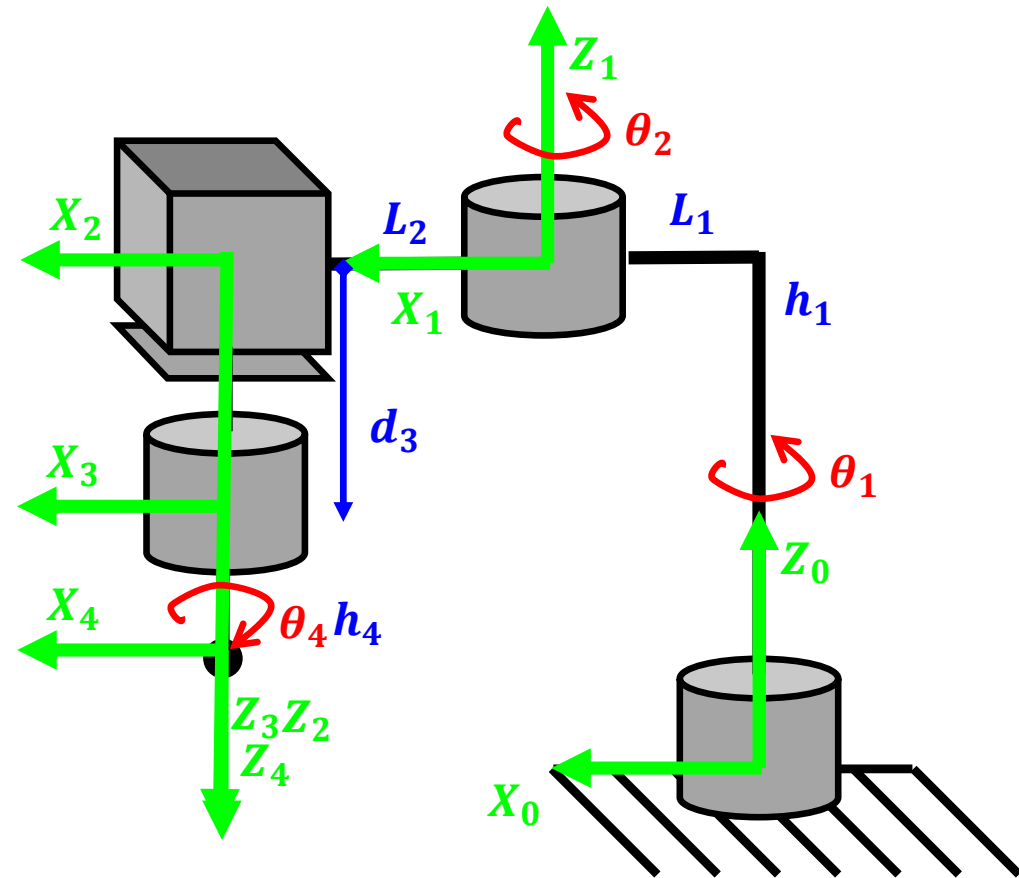
$$o_3^0 = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 c_1 + L_2 c_{12} \\ L_1 s_1 + L_2 s_{12} \\ h_1 - d_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$o_4^0 = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 c_1 + L_2 c_{12} \\ L_1 s_1 + L_2 s_{12} \\ h_1 - d_3 - h_4 \end{bmatrix}$$



Example – SCARA Robot

2) Write all joint axis vectors z_i

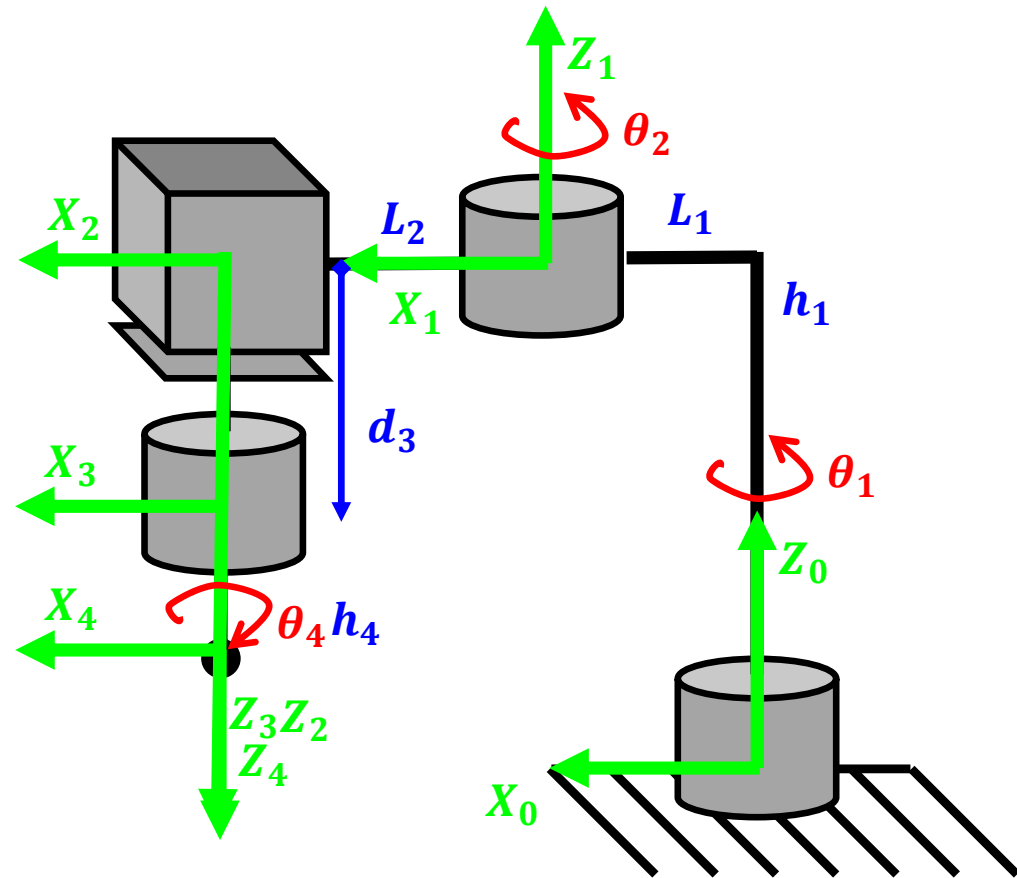


Example – SCARA Robot

2) Write all joint axis vectors z_i

$$z_0^0 = z_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

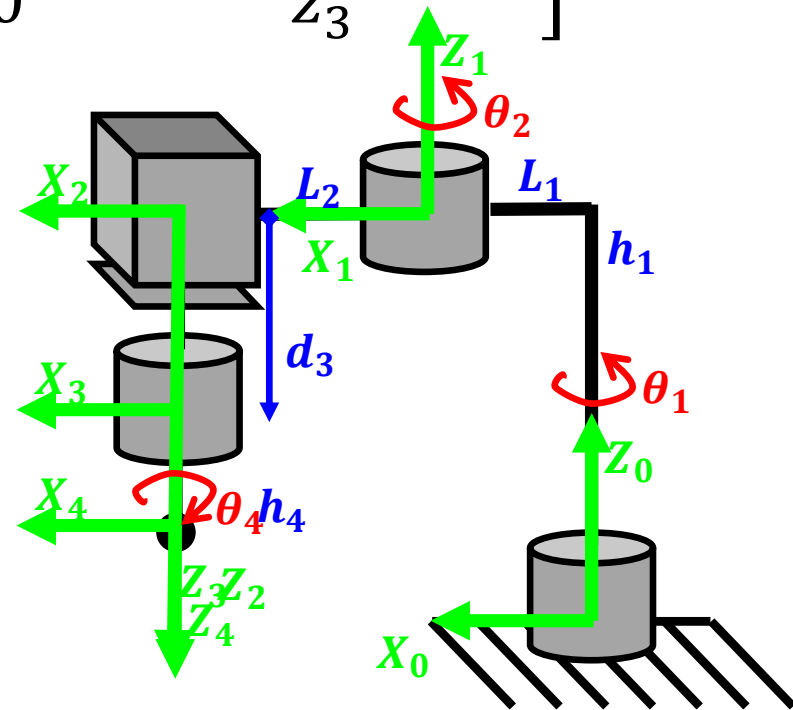
$$z_2^0 = z_3^0 = z_4^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Example – SCARA Robot

3) Do math by category (3 R joints, 1 P joint)

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} z_0^0 \times (o_4 - o_0) & z_1^0 \times (o_4 - o_1) & z_2^0 & z_3^0 \times (o_4 - o_3) \\ z_0^0 & z_1^0 & 0 & z_3^0 \end{bmatrix}$$



Example – SCARA Robot

3) Do math by category (3 R joints, 1 P joint)

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} z_0^0 \times (o_4 - o_0) & z_1^0 \times (o_4 - o_1) & z_2^0 & z_3^0 \times (o_4 - o_3) \\ z_0^0 & z_1^0 & 0 & z_3^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -L_1 s_1 - L_2 s_{12} & -L_2 s_{12} & 0 & 0 \\ L_1 c_1 + L_2 c_{12} & L_2 c_{12} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

